Second Revised A.C.C. Sheet No. 104
First Revised A.C.C. Sheet No. 104

#### RULE NO. 1

Canceling

### <u>DEFINITIONS</u>

For the purpose of these Tariffs, the terms and expressions listed below shall have the meanings set forth opposite:

Advance in Aid of

Construction:

Funds provided to the Utility by an applicant for service under the terms of a main extension agreement, the

amount of which may be refundable.

Agent: Any party a customer may contract with for purposes of

administering the customer's service agreement with the Utility excluding the right for the Agent to be billed directly by the Utility. An Agent has only those rights designated in writing by such customer for the effective time period,

Alternate Fuel Capability: A situation where an alternate fuel can be utilized whether

or not the facilities for such use have actually been

installed.

Applicant: A person requesting the Utility to supply natural gas

service.

Application: A request to the Utility for natural gas service, as

distinguished from an inquiry as to the availability or

charges for such service.

**Arizona Corporation** 

Commission:

The regulatory authority of the State of Arizona having

jurisdiction over the public service corporations operating

in Arizona.

Average Month: 30.4 days.

Base Gas Supply: Natural gas purchased by the Utility from its primary

supplier.

Basic Service Charge: A fixed amount a customer must pay the Utility for the

availability of gas service, independent of consumption, as

specified in the Utility's tariffs.

Billing Month: The period between any two regular readings of the

Utility's meters at intervals of approximately 30 days.

Billing Period: The time interval between two consecutive meter readings

that are taken for billing purposes.

Issued by
Issued On February 27, 2006
Docket No. G-01551A-04-0876

Issued by
John P. Hester Effective March 1, 2006
Vice President Decision No. 68487

SOUTHWEST GAS CORPORATION P.O. Box 98510 Las Vegas, Nevada 89193-8510

Arizona Gas Tariff No. 7

RULE NO. 1

DEFINITIONS (Continued)

Billing Units:

The billing unit shall be in either therms or

hundreds of cubic feet (Ccf), whichever is

applicable.

Branch Service: A service that is not connected to a natural gas main

and has as its source of supply another service.

British Thermal Unit: The amount of heat required to raise the

temperature of one pound of water from 59EF. to 60EF. at constant pressure of 14.73 pounds per

square inch absolute (psia).

Btu: British thermal unit.

Bypass Customer: A transportation customer who, because of its

physical proximity to the facilities of an alternative pipeline, possesses the ability to bypass the Utility's system and secure natural gas service from that

pipeline.

Capacity Curtailment: A condition occurring when the total system

demand for natural gas exceeds the system's

capability to deliver gas.

Cogeneration: The use of gas to generate electricity and thermal

energy at a facility that meets the efficiency standards outlined in Title 18, Code of Federal Regulation, Part 292, Subparts A and B, and where the customer's generators and load are located at

the same site.

Commercial Customer: A customer who is engaged primarily in the sale of

goods or services including institutions and local, state and federal government agencies for uses other than those involving manufacturing or electric

power generation.

Issued by
Issued On August 29, 1997 Edward S. Zub Effective September 1, 1997
Docket No. U-1551-96-596 Senior Vice President Decision No. 60352

# SOUTHWEST GAS CORPORATION P.O. Box 98510

Las Vegas, Nevada 89193-8510 Arizona Gas Tariff No. 7 \_\_\_\_\_Original A.C.C. Sheet No. \_\_\_\_106
Canceling \_\_\_\_\_ A.C.C. Sheet No. \_\_\_\_

RULE NO. 1

DEFINITIONS (Continued)

Commission: See "Arizona Corporation Commission."

Commodity Charge: The charge per unit of billed usage, as set forth in the

Utility's tariffs.

Compressed Natural Gas (CNG): Utilization of natural gas as a vehicle fuel by compressing

the natural gas to high pressures and storing the compressed gas in a tank contained within the vehicle.

Connected Load: The sum of the burner capacities of all of the customer's

natural gas appliances.

Contributions in

Aid of Construction: Funds provided to the Utility by an applicant for service

under the terms of a main extension agreement and/or service connection tariff the amount of which is not

refundable.

Correctional Facility Users: A facility, the primary function of which is to house,

confine, or otherwise limit the activities of a person who has been assigned to such facility as punishment by a

court of law.

Cost of Ownership: Includes return on investment, taxes and depreciation.

Cubic Foot:

- 1. In cases where natural gas is supplied and metered to customers at the standard delivery pressure, a cubic foot of gas is the volume of gas which, at the temperature and pressure existing in the meter, occupies 1 cubic foot.
- 2. Regardless of the pressure supplied to the customer, the volume of gas metered will be converted to the volume which the gas would occupy at standard conditions of 14.73 pounds per square inch absolute at 60EF.

Issued by
Issued On August 29, 1997 Edward S. Zub Effective September 1, 1997
Docket No. U-1551-96-596 Senior Vice President Decision No. 60352

 2nd Revised
 A.C.C. Sheet No.
 107

 1st Revised
 A.C.C. Sheet No.
 107

#### RULE NO. 1

Canceling

3.

## DEFINITIONS (Continued)

Cubic Foot: (Continued)

For the testing of gas for heating value the standard cubic foot shall be that volume of gas which, when saturated with water vapor and at a temperature of 60°F and under a pressure equivalent to that of 30 inches of mercury (mercury at 32°F and under standard gravity), occupies 1 cubic foot.

Ccf:

One hundred (100) cubic feet.

**Curtailment Priority:** 

The order in which natural gas service is to be curtailed to various classifications of customers, as set forth in Rule No. 7 on A.C.C. Sheet Nos. 216 - 218 of this Arizona Gas Tariff.

Customer:

The person in whose name service is rendered as evidenced by the signature on the application, contract, or agreement for that service, or in the absence of a signed instrument, by the receipt and payment of bills regularly issued in his name, regardless of the identity of the actual user of the service.

**Customer Piping:** 

- 1. House piping All above-ground piping downstream of the point of delivery; and
- 2. Yard piping All below-ground piping downstream of the point of delivery.

Both of which are the responsibility of the customer. Customer piping does not include meters and any associated regulators, pipe, fixtures, apparatus, etc., owned and operated by the Utility.

Issued On December 31, 2011
Docket No. G-01551A-10-0458

Issued by John P. Hester Senior Vice President

Effective January 1, 2012
Decision No. 72723

Arizona Division

Third Revised A.C.C. Sheet No. 108
Second Revised A.C.C. Sheet No. 108

RULE NO. 1

Canceling

<u>DEFINITIONS</u> (Continued)

Daily Nomination:

A Nomination submitted to the Utility for one or

more Gas Days. Daily Nominations must be submitted at least one calendar day prior to the effective Gas Day, subject to the provisions

outlined in Section 6.1 of Schedule No. T-1.

Daily Operating Window: A transportation operating constraint governing

the allowable daily difference between the customer's metered quantity and the sum of the customer's scheduled transportation quantities, plus any Utility-approved imbalance adjustment

quantity.

Date of Presentation: The mailing date shown upon a bill or notice.

Day: Calendar day.

Distribution Customer: Any customer who purchases gas from the Utility

pursuant to the Utility's tariffs solely for his own

use and not for resale.

Distribution Main: A gas line of the Utility to which service lines may

be attached.

Domestic Customer: Where the entire consumption of natural gas is in

the living quarters of the customer.

Elderly A person who is 62 years of age or older.

Electronic Bill/Statement: A regular bill or statement that is presented to the

customer electronically.

Electronic Billing: Also referred to as "Paperless Billing." A billing

option residential customers may elect whereby the customer receives, views, and pays their gas

bill electronically

 Issued by

 Issued On Docket No.
 November 27, 2006
 John P. Hester
 Effective
 June 28, 2007

 Senior Vice President
 Decision No.
 69668

Fourth Revised A.C.C. Sheet No. 109
Third Revised A.C.C. Sheet No. 109

RULE NO. 1

DEFINITIONS (Continued)

**Electronic Billing Service** 

Provider:

An agent of the Utility that provides electronic bill presentment and payment service for the Utility and serves as a common link between the Utility and the

customer.

Canceling

Electronic Transfer: Paperless exchange of data and/or funds.

Essential Agricultural Use: Any use of natural gas which is certified by the Secretary

of Agriculture as an "essential agricultural use."

Essential Industrial Process and Feedstock

Uses:

Any use of natural gas by an industrial customer as "process gas" or as feedstock, or gas used for human comfort to protect health and hygiene in an industrial

installation.

Excess Flow Valve: A device designed to restrict the flow of gas in a

customer's natural gas service line by automatically closing in the event of a service line break, thus mitigating

the consequences of service line failures.

Expedited Service: Service that is generally performed on the same workday

the request for service is made. There may be instances where Company scheduling will not permit same day service. Service is considered to be expedited when an order is scheduled any day prior to the next available work

date.

Farm Tap: A service connection from a company distribution or

transmission line operating at higher than normal distribution pressure, thereby requiring regulation and/or pressure limiting devices before the customer can be

served.

Feedstock Gas: Natural gas used as a raw material for its chemical

properties in creating an end product.

Issued On February 27, 2006

Docket No. G-01551A-04-0876

Issued by John P. Hester Vice President

First Revised A.C.C. Sheet No. 110
Original A.C.C. Sheet No. 110

**RULE NO. 1** 

Canceling

DEFINITIONS (Continued)

Fire Protection Uses: Natural gas used by and for the benefit of fire fighting

agencies in the performance of their duties.

Flame Stabilization Gas: Natural gas which is burned by ignitors, main gas burners

or warm-up burners for the purpose of maintaining stable

combustion of an alternate fuel.

Gas Day: A period of 24 consecutive hours, except for those days

that are adjusted for Daylight Savings Time, commencing and ending at 8:00 a.m. Mountain Clock Time (MCT). Clock Time indicates that the Utility will adjust its Gas

Day to reflect changes for Daylight Savings Time.

Handicapped: A person with a physical or mental condition which

substantially contributes to the person's inability to manage his or her own resources, carry out activities of daily living, or protect oneself from neglect or hazardous

situations without assistance from others.

Hospital: A facility, the primary function of which is delivering

medical care to patients who remain at the facility, including nursing and convalescent homes. Outpatient clinics or doctors' offices are not included in this

definition.

Ignition Gas: Natural gas supplied to gas ignitors in boilers to light

main burners whether the main burners be operated by

gas, oil or coal.

Illness: A medical ailment or sickness for which a residential

customer obtains a verifiable document from a licensed medical physician stating the nature of the illness and that discontinuance of service would be especially dangerous to the customer's health in the opinion of a licensed

medical physician.

Issued by

Issued On October 27, 2000 Edward S. Zub Effective November 30, 2000

Docket No. <u>G-01551A-00-0873</u> Executive Vice President Decision No. \_

First Revised A.C.C. Sheet No. 111
Original A.C.C. Sheet No. 111

### RULE NO. 1

Canceling

## DEFINITIONS (Continued)

Inability to Pay

Circumstances where a residential customer:

- 1. Is not gainfully employed and unable to pay, or
- 2. Qualifies for government welfare assistance, but has not begun to receive assistance on the date that he receives his bill and can obtain verification from the government welfare assistance agency, or
- 3. Has an annual income below the published federal poverty level and can produce evidence of this, and
- Signs a declaration verifying that he meets one of the above criteria and is either elderly, handicapped, or suffers from an illness.

Industrial Boiler Fuel:

Natural gas used in a boiler as a fuel for the generation of steam or electricity.

**Industrial Customer:** 

A customer who is engaged primarily in a process which creates or changes raw or unfinished materials into another form or product, excluding electric power generation.

Intra-day Nomination:

A Nomination submitted after the nominating deadline for Daily and Standing Nominations specified in Section 6.1 of Schedule T-1 which has an effective time no earlier than the beginning of the next Gas Day, and which has an ending time no later than the end of that Gas Day.

Issued On February 27, 2006

Docket No. G-01551A-04-0876

Issued by John P. Hester Vice President

First Revised A.C.C. Sheet No. 112
Original A.C.C. Sheet No. 112

**RULE NO. 1** 

Canceling

DEFINITIONS (Continued)

Inter-Divisional Capacity Transfer: A mechanism by which the unused off-peak

interstate capacity of one of the Utility's divisions is utilized by another of the Utility's divisions to procure and transport otherwise inaccessible economically priced gas. The division owning the off-peak capacity receives benefit in the form of credits to its Gas Cost Balancing Account. The division utilizing the off-peak capacity receives benefit through reduction in its purchased gas

costs.

Input Rating: The number of Btus specified on the appliance

rating tag needed to operate the appliance.

Normally expressed in Btus per hour.

Irrigation Customer: Where natural gas is utilized by internal

combustion engines for agricultural irrigation

purposes.

Law: A rule or rules as established and enforced by

government authorities.

Main Extension: The addition of pipe to an existing main to provide

service to new customers.

Margin: The currently effective commodity delivery

charges multiplied by the units of gas used plus

the basic service charge is the margin.

Master Meter Customer: A customer who receives gas at a central point

and distributes said gas through a piping system not owned and operated by the Utility to tenants

or occupants for their individual consumption.

Mcf: One thousand (1,000) cubic feet.

Issued On February 27, 2006

Docket No. G-01551A-04-0876

Issued by John P. Hester Vice President

Arizona Division

Fourth Revised A.C.C. Sheet No. 113
Third Revised A.C.C. Sheet No. 113

RULE NO. 1

Canceling

DEFINITIONS (Continued)

Meter: The instrument for measuring and recording the volume of

natural gas that has passed through it.

Meter Tampering: A situation where a meter or meter piping has been

illegally altered. Common examples are meter bypassing

and other unauthorized connections.

Minimum Charge: The amount the customer must pay for the availability of

gas service as specified in the Utility's tariffs.

Mobile Home: A residential unit designed and built to be towed on its

own chassis. It is without a permanent foundation and is

designed for year-round living.

Monthly Operating Window: A transportation operating constraint governing the

allowable monthly difference between the customer's metered quantities and the sum of the customer's scheduled transportation quantities, plus any Utility-

approved imbalance adjustment quantity.

Mountain Clock Time

(MCT):

Mountain Standard Time or Mountain Daylight Time, whichever is currently in effect in the majority of the

Mountain Time Zone, regardless of which time the State of

Arizona is operating under.

Multi-Family Residential: Any structure where more than one permanent residential

dwelling receives the benefits of natural gas service

through individual meters.

Off-Peak Irrigation Season: The six-month period beginning October 1 and ending

March 31.

Operating Day: The 24-hour period beginning 7:00 a.m. Mountain

Standard Time.

Issued On November 27, 2006 John P. H
Docket No. G-01551A-06-0746 Senior Vice F

Issued by
John P. Hester
Senior Vice President

Effective June 28, 2007
Decision No. 69668

2nd Revised A.C.C. Sheet No. 114
1st Revised A.C.C. Sheet No. 114

RULE NO. 1

Canceling

DEFINITIONS (Continued)

Ownership: The legal right of possession or proprietorship of the

premise(s) where service is established.

Peak Day: Maximum daily consumption as determined by the best

practical method available.

Peak Irrigation Season: The six-month period beginning April 1 and ending

September 30.

Permanent Customer: A customer who is a tenant or owner of a service location

who applies for and receives natural gas service in a

status other than transient, temporary or agent.

Permanent Service: Natural gas service which, in the opinion of the Utility, is of

a permanent and established character. The use of gas

may be continuous, intermittent or seasonal in nature.

Person: Any individual, partnership, corporation, governmental

agency, or other organization operating as a single entity.

Plant Protection Gas: Minimum natural gas volumes required to prevent physical

harm to the plant facilities or danger to plant personnel when such protection cannot be afforded through the use of an alternate fuel. This includes the protection of such material in process as would otherwise be destroyed, but shall not include deliveries required to maintain plant production. For the purposes of this definition, propane and other gaseous fuels shall not be considered alternate

fuels.

Point of Delivery: The point where pipes owned, leased, or under license by

a customer and which are subject to inspection by the appropriate city, county, or state authority connect to the Utility's pipes or at the outlet side of the meter, whichever is further downstream. When there is more than one meter, it is the point where the pipes owned, leased, or under license by a customer and which are subject to inspection by the appropriate city, county, or state authority connect to the Utility's pipes that are connected to the upstream meter or at the outlet side of the upstream

meter, whichever is further downstream.

Issued by John P. Hester

Effective January 1, 2012
Decision No. 72723

Senior Vice President

First Revised A.C.C. Sheet No. 115
Original A.C.C. Sheet No. 115

#### RULE NO. 1

## DEFINITIONS (Continued)

Police Protection Uses: Natural gas used by law enforcement agencies in the

performance of their appointed duties.

Preemption of Gas Supply: An emergency condition where the Utility may, under

specified conditions, utilize the customer-owned gas supplies of low priority transportation customers to serve the requirements of higher priority transportation and sales

customers.

Canceling

Premises: All of the real property and apparatus employed in a single

enterprise on an integral parcel of land undivided by public

streets, alleys or railways.

Process Gas: Natural gas use for which alternate fuels are not

technically feasible, such as in applications requiring precise temperature controls and precise flame characteristics. For the purpose of this definition, propane and other gaseous fuels shall not be considered alternate

fuels.

Regular Working Hours: Except for Utility observed holidays, the period from 8 a.m.

to 5 p.m., Monday through Friday.

Residential Dwelling: A house, apartment, townhouse, or any other permanent

residential unit.

Residential Subdivision: Any tract of land which has been divided into four or more

contiguous lots for use for the construction of residential buildings or permanent mobile homes for either single or

multiple occupancy.

Residential Use: Service to customers using natural gas for domestic

purposes such as space heating, air conditioning, water heating, cooking, clothes drying, and other residential uses and includes use in apartment buildings, mobile

home parks, and other multi-unit residential buildings.

Issued On February 27, 2006

Docket No. G-01551A-04-0876

Issued by John P. Hester Vice President

### SOUTHWEST GAS CORPORATION P.O. Box 98510

Las Vegas, Nevada 89193-8510 \_\_\_\_\_\_Original A.C.C. Sheet No. \_\_\_\_\_16

Arizona Gas Tariff No. 7 Canceling \_\_\_\_\_\_ A.C.C. Sheet No. \_\_\_\_\_

RULE NO. 1

DEFINITIONS (Continued)

Restricted Apparatus: Apparatus prohibited by the Commission or other

governmental agency.

Rules: That portion of the tariff which sets forth the application

or all conditions under which natural gas service shall be

rendered.

Sales Customer: A customer being served under a tariff where the

customer purchases gas from the Utility.

Sanitation Facility Uses: A facility where natural gas is used to (a) dispose of refuse

or (b) protect and maintain the general sanitation

requirements of the community at large.

Scheduled Transportation

Quantity: The net transportation quantity deliverable to a

customer's premises after accounting for all applicable

shrinkage factors.

School: A facility, the primary function of which is to deliver

instruction to regularly enrolled students in attendance at such facility. Facilities used for both educational and noneducational activities are not included under this definition unless the latter activities are merely incidental

to the delivery of instruction.

Seasonal Service: Natural gas service to establishments which are occupied

seasonally or intermittently, such as seasonal resorts,

cottages or other part-time establishments.

Service Area: The territory in which the Utility has been granted a

certificate of convenience and necessity and is authorized

by the Commission to provide natural gas service.

Issued by
Issued On August 29, 1997 Edward S. Zub Effective September 1, 1997
Docket No. U-1551-96-596 Senior Vice President Decision No. 60352

2nd Revised A.C.C. Sheet No. 117
1st Revised A.C.C. Sheet No. 117

RULE NO. 1

DEFINITIONS (Continued)

Service Line: A natural gas pipe that transports gas from a common

source of supply (normally a distribution main) to the point

of delivery.

Canceling

Service Line Extension: Consists of a service line provided for a new customer at a

premise not heretofore served, in accordance with the

service line extension rule.

Service Establishment

Charge:

A charge as specified in the Utility's tariffs for establishing

a new account.

Service Reconnect Charge: A charge as specified in the Utility's tariffs which must be

paid by the customer prior to reconnection of natural gas service each time the service is disconnected for nonpayment or whenever service is discontinued for

failure to comply with the Utility's tariffs.

Service Reestablishment

Charge:

A charge as specified in the Utility's tariffs for service at the same location where the same customer had ordered

a service disconnection within the preceding 12-month

period.

Shrinkage: The cost of the gas volumes lost, unaccounted for, or

used as company fuel in the transportation process and represented by the differential between the cost of gas on a sales basis and the cost of gas on a purchased basis.

Single-Family Residential: A detached house or any other permanent single-family

residential dwelling that receives the benefits of natural

gas service through an individual meter.

Southwest Vista: An Electronic Bulletin Board service for subscribing users

with computers and modems to dial up over telephone lines and access the many features available. The bulletin board is a communication tool that can support many

users simultaneously.

Issued On December 31, 2011

Docket No. G-01551A-10-0458

Issued by
John P. Hester
Senior Vice President

Effective January 1, 2012
Decision No. 72723

Arizona Division

	First Revised	A.C.C. Sheet No.	118
Canceling	Original	A.C.C. Sheet No.	118

**RULE NO. 1** 

<u>DEFINITIONS</u> (Continued)

Standard Delivery Pressure: 0.25 pounds per square inch gauge at the meter or point

of delivery.

Standard Mantle: A mantle which consumes a maximum of 2.6 cubic feet

of gas per hour.

Standing Nomination: A Daily Nomination which is effective for multiple Gas

Days. Standing Nominations cannot exceed the term of the customer's Transportation Service Agreement. A Standing Nomination can be replaced by a new Daily Nomination or Intra-day Nomination; however, upon the expiration of such replacement Nomination, the Standing

Nomination becomes effective again.

Storage Injection Gas: Natural gas injected by a distributor into storage for later

use.

Subdivision: An area for single family dwellings which may be

identified by filed subdivision plans.

Summer Season: The six-month period beginning May 1 and ending

October 31.

Supplemental Gas Supply: Natural gas purchased by the Utility from all sources

other than the base gas supply.

Supply Curtailment: A condition occurring when the demand for natural gas

exceeds the available supply of gas. This condition can occur due to supply failure or upstream pipeline capacity

curtailment.

Tariffs: The documents filed with and approved by the

Commission which list the rules, regulations, services and products offered by the Utility and which set forth the terms and conditions and a schedule of the rates and

charges for those services and products.

Tariff Sheets: The individual sheets included in the tariff.

Issued by

Issued On October 30, 2001 Edward S. Zub Effective November 1, 2001

Docket No. G-01551A-00-0309 Executive Vice President Decision No.

# SOUTHWEST GAS CORPORATION P.O. Box 98510

Las Vegas, Nevada 89193-8510

Arizona Gas Tariff No. 7

First Revised A.C.C. Sheet No. 119
Original A.C.C. Sheet No. 119

RULE NO. 1

Canceling

DEFINITIONS (Continued)

Temporary Service: Service to premises or enterprises which are the service

will be of limited duration. Service which, in the opinion of the Utility, is for operations of a speculative character

is also considered temporary service.

Therm: A unit of heating value, equivalent to 100,000 British

thermal units (Btus).

Third-Party Notice: A notice sent to an individual or a public entity willing to

receive notification, of the pending discontinuance of service to a customer of record in order to make arrangements on behalf of said customer satisfactory to

the Utility.

Transmission Main: A pipeline installed for the purpose of transmitting gas

from a source of supply to distribution center, storage

facility or large volume customer(s).

Transportation Billing

Quantity:

A customer's monthly scheduled transportation quantity or, if transportation service is provided at separate premises under a single service agreement, the sum of a customer's metered quantities, including the effect of any adjustment for cycle billing.

Transportation Customer: A customer who meets the applicability provisions of the

transportation tariff and elects to purchase gas from a supplier other than the Utility. The Utility provides the service of delivering the customer's gas from the interconnect with the upstream pipeline to the customer's

facility.

Utility: The public service corporation providing gas service to

the public in compliance with state law.

Issued by

Issued On September 14, 1999 Edward S. Zub

ward S. Zub Effective October 8, 1999

Docket No. G-01551A-98-0378 Senior Vice President Decision No. 61977

Second Revised A.C.C. Sheet No. 120
First Revised A.C.C. Sheet No. 120

**RULE NO. 1** 

Canceling

DEFINITIONS (Continued)

Utility's Operating Convenience:

This term refers to the utilization, under certain circumstances, of facilities or practices not ordinarily employed which contribute to the overall efficiency of the Utility's operations. It does not refer to customer convenience nor to the use of facilities or adoption of practices required to comply with applicable laws, ordinances, rules or regulations, or similar requirements of public authorities.

Weather Especially Dangerous to Health:

That period of time commencing with the scheduled termination date when the local weather forecast, as predicted by the National Oceanographic and Administration Service, indicates that the temperature will not exceed 32 degrees Fahrenheit for the next day's forecast. The Commission may determine that other weather conditions are especially dangerous to health as the need arises.

Winter Season:

The six-month period beginning November 1 and ending April 30.

Workday:

The time period between 8 a.m. and 5 p.m., Monday through Friday, excluding holidays.

Issued by

Issued On October 30, 2001 Edward S. Zub Docket No. G-01551A-00-0309 Executive Vice Pres

Effective November 1, 2001

Executive Vice President Decision No. 6417